# **HBZ Bank Limited**

(A subsidiary of Habib Bank AG Zurich)



Pillar 3 disclosures in terms of Banks Act, Regulation 43 Dec-16

# Overview of risk management and Risk Weighted Assets (RWA)

## Bank risk management approach

Refer to the Risk Management Review on Page 7 of the 2016 Annual Report.

## Overview of RWA

		HBZ Bank Limited			
	R/V	RWA			
	Dec-16	Dec-15	Dec-16		
Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	2 039 911	2 128 273	211 641		
- Of which standardised approach (SA)	2 039 911	2 128 273	211 641		
- Of which internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-		
Counterparty credit risk	19 914	9 476	2 066		
- Of which standardised approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	19 914	9 476	2 066		
- Of which internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-		
Market risk	6 875	3 125	713		
- Of which standardised approach (SA)	6 875	3 125	713		
- Of which internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-		
Operational risk	336 425	298 488	34 904		
- Of which Basic Indicator Approach	336 425	298 488	34 904		
- Of which standardised Approach	-	-	-		
- Of which Advanced Measurement Approach	-	-	-		
Other risk	26 686	23 080	2 769		
Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)	3 680	3 295	382		
Total	2 433 491	2 465 737	252 475		

The percentage minimum capital requirement used for calculating the capital requirement is constructed as follows: 8% minimum capital requirement, plus 1.75% add-on, plus 0.625% capital conservation buffer. Total: 10.375%.

Other risks reflected in the table above relate to property and equipment and other assets as contained in the Bank's statement of financial position.

## <u>Linkages between financial statements and regulatory exposures</u>

Differences between accounting and regulatory scopes of consolidation and mapping of financial statement with regulatory risk categories

	Carrying values					
	as reported in					
	published					
	financial	Carrying values of items:				
	statements &		Subject to			
	under scope of	Subject to credit	counterparty	Subject to the market risk	Subject to	
	regulatory	risk framework	credit risk	framework	other risk	
R'000	consolidation		framework	Irainework		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	1 662 394	1 662 394	-	-	-	
Investment securities	988 225	988 225	-	-	-	
Current tax	130	130	-	-	-	
Derivative assets	15 208	-	15 208	5 502	-	
Net advances	1 537 901	1 502 451	-	-	-	
Accounts receivable and other assets	7 617	-	-	-	7 617	
Property and equipment	19 857	-	-	-	19 857	
Deferred tax asset	1 472	-	-	-	1 472	
Total assets	4 232 804	4 153 200	15 208	5 502	28 946	
Liabilities and equity						
Deposits and borrowings	3 820 502	-	-	-	-	
Derivative liabilities	14 556	-	-	-	-	
Creditors and accruals	10 856	-	-	-	-	
Provisions	5 877	-	-	-	-	
Ordinary shareholder's equity	381 013	-	-	-	-	
Total liabilities and equity	4 232 804	-	-	-	-	

Main sources of differences between regulatory amounts and carrying values in financial statements

		Items subject to:				
R'000	Total	Credit risk framework	Counterparty credit risk framework	Market risk framework	Other risk framework	
Asset carrying value amount under scope of regulatory consolidation	4 232 804	4 153 200	15 208	5 502	28 946	
Liabilities and equity carrying value amount under scope of regulatory consolidation	4 232 804	-	-	-	-	
Total net amount under regulatory scope of consolidation	-	4 153 200	15 208	5 502	28 946	
Off-balance sheet amounts	814 904	422 206	-	-	-	
Differences due to use of average balances	-41 749	-41 749	-	-	-	
Exposure amounts considered for regulatory purposes	5 005 959	4 533 657	15 208	5 502	28 946	

## The differences between the accounting and regulatory exposure amounts are due to the following:

Credit risk: Revolving credit facility amounts are based on daily averages as required in terms of Regulation 23 of the Regulations relating to Bank.

Credit risk (Off-balance sheet): Off-balance sheet exposures for the regulatory purposes are reported post CCF and CRM.

#### **Credit risk**

#### General information about credit risk

Refer to the Risk Management Review on Page 7 of the 2016 Annual Report.

#### Additional disclosure related to the credit quality of assets

Refer to the Risk Management Review on Page 7 of the 2016 Annual Report as well as notes 7, 8 and 28 of the Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### Qualitative disclosure requirements related to credit risk mitigation techniques

Credit risk mitigation (CRM) relates to the reduction of a bank's credit risk exposure by obtaining, for example, eligible collateral or guarantees or entering into a netting agreement with a client that maintains both debit and credit balances with the reporting bank.

When a bank that adopted the simplified standardised approach for the calculation of the bank's credit exposure in its banking book obtains collateral or guarantees, a reduction in the credit risk exposure of the reporting bank shall be allowed to the extent that the bank achieves an effective and verifiable transfer of risk.

HBZ Bank applies the allowed CRM techniques as a result of the eligible collateral and guarantees that are held as security over certain exposures. The eligible collateral held is in the form of cash deposits held as liens against an exposure and this carries a 0% risk weighting. Exposures secured by bank guarantees carry a risk weighting of 20%.

#### Qualitative disclosures on banks' use of external credit ratings under the standardised approach for credit risk

In calculating the required amount of capital to be held against credit risk, the Bank applies the long term, international credit ratings as published by Moody's Investors Services and Fitch Ratings.

The Bank applies the long term, international scale credit ratings to all its asset classes, where such ratings are available.

The Bank applies the standardized approach for the measurement of credit risk in terms of Regulation 23 and 24 of the Regulations relating to banks.

Under this approach, the external assessment ratings are mapped to the risk weighting table as follows:

	Moody's	Fitch	Meaning			
	Aaa	AAA	Prime			
	Aa1	AA+				
	Aa2	AA	High Grade			
Investment	Aa3	AA-	201			
Grade	A1	A+				
	A2	Α	Upper Medium Grade			
	A3	A-				
	Baa1	BBB+				
	Baa2	BBB	Lower Medium Grade			
	Baa3	BBB-				
	Ba1	BB+	Non Investment Grade Speculative			
	Ba2	BB				
	Ba3	BB-				
	B1	B+	Highly Speculative			
	B2	В				
Junk	B3	B-				
	Caa1	CCC+	Substantial Risks			
	Caa2	CCC	Extremely Speculative			
	Caa3	CCC-				
	Ca	CC+	In Default w/ Little Prospect for Recovery			
		CC	•			
		CC-	In Default			
	D	DDD				

Credit assessment issued by eligible institution							
Claim in respect of	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	BB+ to B-	Below B-	Unrated	
Sovereigns	0%	20%	50%	100%	150%	100%	
Public sector entities	20%	50%	50%	100%	150%	50%	
Bank	20%	50%	50%	100%	150%	50%	
Securities firms	20%	50%	50%	100%	150%	50%	
Bank: short term claims	20%	20%	20%	50%	150%	20%	
Securities firms: short term claims	20%	20%	20%	50%	150%	20%	
	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BB-	Below BB-		Unrated	
Corporate entities	20%	50%	100%	150%		100%	
	Short term credit assessment						
	A-1/P-1	A-2/P-2	A-3/P-3	Other			
Banks and corporate entities	20%	50%	100%	150%			

# Counterparty credit risk

# Qualitative disclosure related to counterparty credit risk

Refer to the Risk Management Review on Page 7 of the 2016 Annual Report.

## **Market Risk**

# Qualitative disclosure requirements related to market risk

Refer to the Risk Management Review on Page 7 of the 2016 Annual Report.